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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/300,137	04/27/1999	KENNETH B. LAZARUS	ACX-103CN2CP	4135	
75	90 12/24/2002				
John R. Ross, Cymer, Inc.			EXAMINER		
Legal Dept. MS 16750 Via Del C	Campo Court		BUDD, MARK OSBORNE		
San Diego, CA	92127		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2834		
			DATE MAILED: 12/24/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	Δ	0					
Office Author Commence	300 137	Laz	arus et	al					
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Group Art Unit						
	M. Budd		2834						
- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address -									
Period for Reply	7		•						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE	MONTH(S) FROM THE MA	ILING DA	TE				
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 									
Status	۸ h								
☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on		• 0							
☐ This action is FINAL.									
 Since this application is in condition for allowance except for accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935. 	or formal matters, pros C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 213.	ecution as t	o the merits is c	l osed in					
Disposition of Claims									
(Claim(s) 55									
Of the above claim(s)	is/are w	is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
☐ Claim(s)	is/are a	llowed.							
Claim(s) 5 5									
☐ Claim(s)		-							
☐ Claim(s)			or election	1					
Application Papers ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on		requirer							
☐ The drawing(s) filed on	· · ·	_ disapprove	d.						
	d to by the Examiner								
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.		. **							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d)		*							
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-	(d).							
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the:	anima d								
 □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 									
☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents	i i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
in this national stage application from the International E		a))							
*Certified copies not received:	•								
Attachment(s)		,		*					
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s) 🗀 Int	erview Sumn	nary, PTO-413						
☐ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892		tice of Inform	nal Patent Applica	tion, PTO	-152				
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948									
Office Action Summary									

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 55 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hathaway. Chida or Itsumi in view of Lazarus (882).

Hathaway (Figs. 23-25), Itsumi (figs. 2 & 3) and Chida (fig. 10) teach the sigmoidal actuator except the electrodes are applied to the piezo elements rather than on electrode sheet polymer bonded to the piezo elements. However, Lazarus (figs. 2, 4 & 6) teaches a piezo actuator using electrode sheets bonded to the piezo elements as a protective covering for the actuator. To use the specific sigmoidal bonding mode transducer of Hathaway, Chida or Itsumi in place of the conventional bending mode transducer of Lazarus would be the mere substitution of known actuators and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Likewise, to put Hathaway, Chida or Itsumi to work in the known system of Lazarus would have been within the skilled expected of the routineer and therefore obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. The known, expected differences in the operation of specific actuators would be the guide used by the designer when selecting which would be best in a particular, specific situation.

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It is noted that the "wherein said structural polymer -- sufficient to prevent --- sheet forces are efficiently coupled ---" clause is merely a statement of intended function and provides no additional structure to the combination claimed.

budd/ds

12/20/02

RIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 212